

Germany Will Yield to U. S. on Submarine Warfare

DEMOCRATS READY FOR HUGE OUTING AT SPRINGBROOK

Committee Completes Plans at Meeting of Wilson Club—Protest Against the Tribune Falsehoods.

SECOND AND SIXTH WARD CLUB NOW DISGRUNTLED

Kern and Barnhart Will Speak and List of Amusements Follows—Many Outside Visitors Coming.

Final settings were completed Thursday night for the big democratic picnic at Springbrook Saturday afternoon, to be addressed by Sen. John W. Kern and Rep. Henry A. Barnhart, all committees reporting at a meeting of the Wilson Democratic club at American hall. Promised delegations from all counties of the state were reported by the entertainment committee, those from Michigan City, Laporte, Elkhart and Goshen to come in special cars that have been chartered. In addition to Sen. Kern and Congressman Barnhart, a considerable coterie of state officials was reported as planning to attend. A letter was read from State Auditor Dale J. Crittenden, presiding in his presence and that of State Treas. George Bittler, Sec'y of State Homer L. Cook, Atty. Gen. R. M. Milburn, C. A. Greathouse, superintendent of public instruction, J. H. Fry, deputy state auditor, and Supreme Court Judges Moran and Shea.

The speaking will begin at 2:30 o'clock, by which time all the delegations will be expected to have arrived. The meeting Thursday night was an enthusiastic affair, representing a solid democratic front, and all committees representing their part of the program in readiness for execution. Frank Mayr, Jr., president of the club, presided.

West Enders Aggravated. One feature of the evening was the presence of a large number of democrats from the second and sixth wards, headed by Frank Witucki and John and Frank Niegodski organizers of the second and sixth ward Wilson club, who brought assurances in cash and emphatic words of their loyalty to the parent organization, and, as Mr. Witucki put it, that the "South Bend Tribune is an unmitigated liar." The publicity committee, headed by Charles Allard, reported on the field covered to drum up interest, and the entertainment committee, headed by J. Walter McInerney, submitted a program for the day that will keep the picnickers busy every moment. Joseph Luther, chairman of the committee on refreshments, reported that the visitors will be properly cared for with fresh meats and soft drinks. In addition to the program submitted by Mr. McInerney, James Luther and George Raab challenged all pitchers in the county to a game at quoits, Charley Chaplin, in mime form, will be seen at the picnic for the special live entertainment of the youngsters. George A. Farabaugh, Edward J. Twomey and Isaac K. Parks were appointed a committee, suggested by Mr. Twomey, to draft resolutions on the death of the late ex-Mayor Charles L. Goetz, to be presented to the assembly at the opening of the program.

Witucki Makes Statement. "I want to make a statement," said Frank Witucki, former sixth ward councilman, "denying the story that appeared in the Tribune tonight with regard to the West End Wilson club being at war with this city form, will be seen at the picnic for the special live entertainment of the youngsters. George A. Farabaugh, Edward J. Twomey and Isaac K. Parks were appointed a committee, suggested by Mr. Twomey, to draft resolutions on the death of the late ex-Mayor Charles L. Goetz, to be presented to the assembly at the opening of the program."

This storm of indignation broke after much of the other work of the meeting had been done. Frank Niegodski, deputy sheriff, spoke in similar vein. The consensus of opinion was that the Tribune had manufactured its yarn out of "whole cloth" in the hope of stirring up strife, and if possible throw a blanket over the picnic so far as the west end is concerned. "It is a fair specimen of the Tribune system of dirty politics," was the answer.

The program of the day's events, as arranged by the entertainment committee, follows:

Last of Events. 100 yard dash, free for all—First prize, umbrella, donated by Frank Mayr & Sons; second prize, smoking set, donated by Heller Furniture Co.; 40 yard dash, boys under 14—First prize, baseball glove, donated by Sibbey's Hardware Co.; second prize, boy's cap, donated by Max Adler & Co.; 40 yard dash, girls under 14—First prize, shirtwaist, donated by Newman; second prize, box of candy, donated by the Philadelphia.

Rumania's Entrance Into War Held Up By Her Demand For Banat



RUMANIAN TROOPS AND KING FERDINAND (Inset)

That Rumania is holding out her entrance into the great war as an inducement to get the allies to promise her the Banat territory in south-east Hungary, bordering on Serbia and Rumania is the opinion of a Russian diplomat recently interviewed. This question cannot be settled with Rumania because part of the territory already has been promised to Serbia, and Russia cannot permit the annexation by Rumania of the remainder of Banat or of northern Bukovina on account of its effect upon Russia's "Little Russia" problem.

STATE WILL USE MOVING PICTURES AGAINST THAW

Films Made When Slayer of White Was in Jail at Coaticook Relied Upon to Indicate He Was Irrational.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Moving pictures will be a star feature of the state's efforts to prove that Harry K. Thaw, slayer of Stanford White, is a victim of incurable paranoia and as such should be returned to Matteawan. Deputy Atty. Gen. F. K. Cook today said he would ask permission to exhibit to the jury films made of Thaw in jail at Coaticook, Que., where he was first confined on his arrest by the Canadian authorities after his escape from Matteawan. The "movies" were made in the Coaticook jail, by Hal Reid, Cook said he hoped to show by them that Thaw showed symptoms at that time of irrationality. It was said today that Justice Hendrick would sign the order naming a commission to examine Pres't Emeritus Eliot of Harvard as soon as the opposing lawyers agree on the interrogatories and counter-interrogatories. The first witness of the day was Dr. Noel E. Guillet, a physician connected with an orphan asylum at Manchester, N. H.

"I saw Thaw four or five times a week," he said. "He impressed me as a rational man. I believe him sane."

Similar testimony was given by Walter Lang, a real estate dealer of Manchester. To Clear White's Name. Deputy Atty. Gen. Cook intends by evidence to make good his boast in his opening speech to the jury to clear the name of Stanford White, whose name has been besmirched in all the Thaw legal battles. The record of Evelyn Nesbit Thaw from the time she was 15 years old until her mother brought her to New York will be introduced by the state in an effort to show that her accusations against White were untrue. Cook has obtained this evidence from Harry Nesbit, the woman's brother. "Never before in all this nauseating case," Cook said, "has one word been said in behalf of Stanford White. I intend to say a word in this trial. What evidence we have heard about the alleged character of Thaw's victim came from the lips of Evelyn Nesbit. It has not been corroborated." The day's session opened with the reading by Deputy Gen. Becker of the cross-examination by W. T. Jerome of Dr. White in Thaw's 1912 habeas corpus proceedings in White Plains. The last thing yesterday, Atty. Smith, for Thaw, read to the jury the direct testimony of Dr. White, an alienist, who declared Thaw to be sane.

PRESIDENT WILL SPEAK

Wilson and Bryan to Address the Christian Endeavors.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Pres't Wilson, William Jennings Bryan, former secretary of state, and more than 100 other prominent men are listed among the speakers for the fifth world's and 27th international Christian Endeavor convention which will be held at the Coliseum beginning July 7. The meeting will last five days. Among the features will be an athletic meet at Staff held, on July 10.

SUBMARINE MAKES DARING DASH INTO TEUTON SQUADRON

Russian Underwater Craft Torpedoes One Warship and Escapes After Sustaining Damage in Collision.

PETROGRAD, June 25.—Thrilling details of a fight between a Russian submarine and a squadron of German warships are given in an official statement issued here today. The submarine torpedoed one of the German warships but immediately after colliding with its victim, sustaining severe damage. Despite the damage the submarine managed to escape. The official report of the submarine's exploit follows: The submarine, picked up the smoke of the enemy's vessels on the horizon at 9 p. m. When she had approached within suitable distance the submarine dived. By means of its periscope it learned that German warships made up a squadron of 10 ships to the line and a number of torpedo boats.

Approaches Near Warships. "To prevent the enemy from seeing the periscope, the submarine's commander decided to steer to the port side of the squadron, between the enemy and the sun. Knowing that German warships carried 200,000 pounds of explosives for the destruction of submarines, her commander decided to make a frontal attack. Keeping the periscope above the water the submarine approached the leading torpedo boat and at 10 o'clock passed on the port side at a distance of from 45 to 60 yards, the periscope being kept six inches above the water. "Wishing to operate outside the line of torpedo boats, the submarine drew to the left under the prow of the second boat and sank to a depth of 50 feet. At this point the crew distinguished the noise of warships' screws. At a depth of 35 feet the submarine again raised its periscope, at this moment sighting the starboard side of the leading warship, which was cutting across the course of the submarine at a distance not more than 50 yards.

The submarine's commander ordered the boat to dive again after the torpedo was immediately followed by a collision. A terrible crash was heard. The whole submarine trembled. Electric bulbs burst. Crockery and all things above cracked and gave way.

Keep Submarine at Full Speed. "The submarine listed 25 degrees to the starboard and the sailors were tossed to and fro. They clung to anything they could find. Nevertheless, all orders were carried out with speed and accuracy and the submarine was kept at full speed. Owing to the fact that it was the hull of the vessel which struck the submarine she was able to regain her balance beneath the battleship. "The submarine went down 77 feet below the surface, but there was a loud explosion and the commander, fearing the boat would collapse, owing to water pressure, rose to a depth of 60 feet. Then the sound of the vessel compelled him to dive again to a depth of 80 feet. Repeated attempts to rise were vain for some time. Every time the submarine rose the crew heard the screws of the battleship and torpedo boats, which had broken their line and which were crushing back and forth above the submarine. Unable to Tell Success. "When water began to enter the submarine, probably owing to the damage to the periscope, and the boat began to lose her buoyancy, her commander ordered that the supplementary tank be put down. Toward midnight, the submarine rose carefully to the surface and made for shore. It was under water from 7:29 p. m. until 11:30 p. m. Damage to the periscope prevented the submarine from ascertaining the success of its attacks."

TO BEGIN WORK SOON ON NEW BANK BUILDING

Union Trust Co. Awards Contract to H. G. Christman Co.—To Cost Over \$200,000.

Actual construction upon the new building to be erected at Jefferson and Michigan st. by the Union Trust Co. will be started shortly after July 1, according to Joseph E. Neff, secretary and treasurer of the concern. The contract was awarded to the H. G. Christman Co. with the provision that the building would be ready for occupancy by June 1, 1916. The total cost of the new structure will exceed \$200,000, according to figures filed with the board of directors by various contractors. It is to be four stories in height. The building will provide, besides the room occupied by the bank on the corner, two store rooms on E. Jefferson and one on Michigan st. The tenants of the buildings now on the site have been notified to vacate by July 5 at the latest.

The list of officers for the banking concern is as follows: Samuel Adler, president; J. J. Hammond, vice president; Joseph E. Neff, secretary and treasurer; G. A. Farabaugh, Louis J. Smith, Edmund A. Wills and Gus A. Gregier, complete the list of directors.

The late Charles L. Goetz, whose funeral will be held Sunday afternoon, was a vice president in the concern, and was also a director in the Chapin st. bank, in which institution Mr. Neff is also interested.

KILLS WIFE AND SELF

DECATUR, Ala., June 25.—When his wife objected to his whipping one of the children, John Terry, a farmer, living near Trinity, shot and killed his wife, then killed himself.

Latest Bulletins From War Zone

MITYLENE, Via Athens, June 25.—Fierce fighting has been in progress on Gallipoli peninsula since Tuesday, the allied troops successfully assaulting the Turkish positions. They have carried several trenches. The second French division is now taking part in the conflict.

Reports from the allies' field headquarters estimate the Turkish losses in killed, wounded and prisoners since the fighting began on the peninsula at 143,000.

CHRISTIANA, June 25.—The Norwegian steamer Svein Jarl was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine in the North sea on June 9, according to the dispatch from Stavanger, which states that the captain and three members of the crew arrived there today. The steamer sank in 30 seconds and all but four men were lost. The Svein Jarl was a vessel of 1,135 tons. It was built in 1905.

LONDON, June 25.—The Norwegian steamer Truma has been torpedoed by a German submarine off the Shetland Islands. Her crew was saved. The Truma, a ship of 1,157 tons, was bound for London from the Russian port of Archangel.

The captain of the Truma said that his ship was torpedoed by the submarine, but that it was later set on fire, the torpedo having failed to sink it.

CHRISTIANA, June 25.—The steamer Bergensfjord which was detained for several days at Kirkwall, Scotland, with Dr. Bernhard on board, arrived at Bergen early today.

ANCONA, Italy, June 25.—(Via Rome)—Refugees arriving here from Trieste state that the Austrians have concentrated 200,000 troops to defend that city. These forces are supported by heavy artillery.

They also bring the information that an Italian dirigible, on June 17, bombed Trieste and damaged the iron works there.

Commercial life is at a standstill in Trieste. All Italian residents have fled or been interned.

CITY IS SHAKEN AGAIN

Calexico Reports No Damage from Second Earthquake.

CALEXICO, Calif., June 25.—City officials today reported that no damage was caused by three severe earthquakes which visited Calexico between 8 and 9 o'clock last night. The populace was terror stricken, fearing a repetition of last Tuesday's earthquake, which destroyed an entire business block, and every one fled out of doors when the first tremor was felt.

SOUTH BENDER GETS NEW WIRELESS PATENT

Ross B. Avery's Invention Eliminates Necessity of the Usual Aerial Connections.

A new wireless receiving instrument that bids fair to revolutionize this field of aerial communication has just been patented by Ross B. Avery of 1003 Lawrence st. Mr. Avery received word that he had been granted a patent Friday morning. His application was made through Patent Atty. George J. Oltsch.

The feature of Avery's improvement is that it obviates the necessity of any aerial connections; in short the usual tower looming high in the air of a wireless station is not needed. According to Avery he can attach his new receiver to the ordinary electric light socket and pick off the messages as they are flashed through the air.

In discussing his invention Avery stated that he had discovered that the ordinary commercial alternating lighting and power circuits have their strength of current affected by the electric impulses from a wireless station and to take advantage of this fact he devised his apparatus for receiving such impulses. He says that since the invention obviates the necessity of the usual aerial connections, there are possibilities of extensive use on this account, owing to the great saving effected by the elimination of these parts.

Avery is 27 years old. For the past eight years he has been experimenting with wireless telegraphy. Until a few months ago he had a tower in his yard with which he carried on his experiments with other young men of the neighborhood. He stated all his knowledge of wireless was acquired through his own private study, he having attended no colleges or schools of technical learning. He is at present employed with the Indiana and Michigan Electric Co. as meter man.

Avery was married recently having returned Thursday from a honeymoon trip in the east. He said he has no plans as yet regarding disposition of his patent just granted.

ASKS GUARANTEE AGAINST ATTACKS BY MERCHANTMEN

Preliminary Draft of Kaiser's Reply to Second American Note Will Offer Concessions in Return for Assurances.

MAY ADMIT LUSITANIA WAS NOT A CRUISER

Accepts Information That the Liner Carried No Ammunition as Given in Good Faith—To Confer with Dernburg.

By Frederick Werner.

BERLIN (via Amsterdam), June 25.—Germany will modify her submarine warfare to meet the demands of the United States, provided it is given assurances that merchant ships will not attempt to sink the underwater craft which hails them.

It was learned today that this is one of the chief points in the preliminary draft of the reply to the second American note, which is now being drawn up by Foreign Sec'y von Jagow.

The assurances that the Lusitania was not carrying ammunition for the allies are accepted by Germany as having been made in good faith, and it may recede from its position that the liner was in reality a cruiser, expressing its regret for the "deplorable tragedy."

Only part of the preliminary draft has thus far been drawn up but it is now expected that work on the final text may soon be begun.

Dr. Bernhard Dernburg will be called into consultation by Herr von Jagow before the final draft is started. Dr. Dernburg is expected here Saturday.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—This government today temporarily turned its thoughts from the German reply to the American note, and gave consideration to the British memorandum regarding American shipping and the blockade of Great Britain against Germany. The publication of this memorandum revealed that while Great Britain has repudiated the friendliest spirit to the American protest against interference with neutral cargoes, King George's government has so far made no concessions to the United States in the matter of enforcing the blockade.

The memorandum should represent the unalterable view of Great Britain, may have a bearing on the future diplomatic negotiations between this country and Germany. The administration here has endeavored consistently to keep apart the two issues—Germany's submarine warfare and Great Britain's blockade which harrasses American shipping—but Germany has intimated strongly that if this government seeks a modification of its submarine warfare it ought to prevail upon Great Britain to modify its order in council which the Germans construe as a delicate campaign to "starve out Germany."

Promises Prompt Relief. The British memorandum, however, contains little to encourage the belief that there is to be any modification of the blockade.

The best Great Britain promises is that detained American cargoes will be released just as promptly as possible, should no reason be found to believe they are subject to detention, and Great Britain suggests that the United States ought to be satisfied with this assurance.

The memorandum, so far as the vital issues between this government and Great Britain are concerned, leaves the situation unchanged. This fact is not expected to be pleasing to Germany and the evident determination of England to continue her blockade, it is feared here, may strengthen the position of the military element at Berlin.

Great Britain's memorandum, as viewed by Washington, is a lengthy explanation of the steps Great Britain has taken to lighten the burdens on American shipping running counter to the blockade, but it concedes nothing to this country on the international law questions raised in communications by the state department.

There will be further negotiations between this government and Great Britain, but meanwhile the British memorandum may have a disturbing effect in Berlin where the advisers of the kaiser are now framing a reply to the second American note on the Lusitania tragedy.

Hear Conflicting Reports. Conflicting reports continue to come from Berlin as to which element is gaining the upper hand on the questions raised by the American correspondence. (CONTINUED ON PAGE 10.)